

Overview of Approved COAB Recommendations

This document provides an overview of all approved COAB recommendations. Full text for all approved recommendations can be found in the www.cocl-coab.org Library in the Recommendations section under the heading, "Approved COAB Recommendations":

<http://www.cocl-coab.org/library/coab-recommendations/coab-approved-recommendations>

061115-1

Require all PPB Officers be trained in trauma-informed care. Trauma-informed would require that PPB Officers understand the neurobiological, psychological and social impacts of fear and trauma.

Require Trauma Informed Care training be performed by experts in Trauma-Informed Care (and not by PPB officers themselves). There are several local experts, some of whom already sit on the BHU Advisory Council to include Dr. Maggie Bennington-Davis.

061115-2

Require all PPB officers receive ADVANCED crisis intervention training (more robust than the current 40 hours with intermittent touch-ups). Currently, the existing CIT training for all PPB Officers has not proven sufficient to impact a change in the subculture that exist in the PPB, therefore, improved training is required.

Second aspect of the CIT training recommendation is to increase the proportion of PPB officers who receive specialized training in ECIT. MHCRS recommends that at least 40% of PPB officers shall be specialized in ECIT. This recommendation is consistent with the terms of the settlement agreement. The Memphis Model requires that all officers be trained in CIT with a concomitant subset of Officers that are specialized and equipped with Enhanced crisis intervention skills.

061115-3

Require all PPB officers be adequately and sufficiently trained in cultural competence and further that the cultural specificity and diversity is reflected among the officers and through the Behavioral Health Unit (BHU). More explicitly, we recommend that the BHU contract with culturally-specific MH providers for MH interventions.

061115-4

Recommend PPB establish very clear outcome measures/benchmarks that clearly demonstrate the effectiveness for ALL training. How does an officer/the community/the COAB/COCL measure and demonstrate the stated benefit of crisis intervention training?

081615-1

A well-trained law enforcement agency other than the PPB should conduct criminal investigations and the Independent Police Review Division ("IPR") should conduct the administrative (internal) investigations of in-custody deaths and the use of deadly force by PPB officers.

081615-2

1010.10, Definitions, No. 3, should be changed to state that the responsibility of PPB members to assist in investigations of in-custody deaths and the use of deadly force by PPB members is for the purpose of determining: (a) whether the member's actions were justified under the criminal law, (b) whether the member's action were justified under PPB policy, and (c) to identify any PPB training deficiencies.

081615-3

Eliminate the "48-hour" rule, located in the Collective Bargaining Agreement ("CBA") between the Portland Police Association ("PPA") and the City of Portland which allows an officer to receive two days advance notice before the officer is required to participate in interviews or submit written reports.

081615-4

Amend the CBA and the Portland City Code regarding the Independent Police Review Division ("IPR") to grant the IPR the authority to compel officer testimony, including investigations into in-custody deaths, the use of deadly force, and the use of force resulting in injury to a citizen.

081615-5

The PPB should not release information to the media or the public about the criminal history, if there is one, of a subject of an in-custody death or deadly force.

081615-6

The PPB should not release to the media or the public the "mug shot," if there is one, of a subject of an in-custody death or deadly force.

091015-1

RECOMMEND adding a glossary/definitions of names and terms in policy, e.g., "responsibility unit manager."

091015-2

RECOMMEND adding language regarding delivery and instructors, that training instructors include more voices from outside PPB, including community members and individuals with lived experience.

091015-3

RECOMMEND that training include a cultural responsiveness to the houseless community, those impacted by mental illness, and other marginalized communities

091015-4

RECOMMEND that policies include clear attribution of who developed the policy, and a clear contact for that person

091015-5

RECOMMEND this 1500 policy outlines the specific training that Portland police officers do receive, should receive, will receive, and that they include the trainings MHCRS recommended months ago (e.g., trauma-informed care; see original recommendations).

091015-6

Recommend that police training be consistent with policy.

100815-1

Add a second full COAB meeting to the existing meeting, increasing meetings to two per month to occur on the second and fourth Thursdays of each month.

100815-2

The PPB should rewrite directive 344.05, bias-based policing/racial profiling prohibited. The amended directive should be identical to or consistent with the Seattle police department's "bias-free policing" policy, including its mission statement, its core principles and its supporting policy statements.

100815-3

The PPB should create a new directive regarding voluntary contacts, Terry stops and detentions. The new directive should be identical to or consistent with the Seattle police department's directive on those topics.

100815-4

The PPB should prohibit pretext stops.

100815-5

If pretext stops are not prohibited, the PPB should collect stops data on pretext stops.

100815-6

The PPB should collect stops data by individual officers and specialty units, such as the gang enforcement team and any “hot spots policing” units or teams.

100815-7

The PPB should collect data on non-custodial, consensual investigatory interviews

100815-8

The PPB should advise persons subjected to a non-custodial, consensual interview, in writing, that they have the right not to answer questions and the right to leave anytime.

100815-9

The PPB should prohibit consent searches. If consent searches are not prohibited, the PPB should require its officers to use written forms for consensual searches, signed by the person being searched in advance of the search, which contains advice to the person about the right to refuse to consent without being subjected to any adverse consequences.

100815-10

Recommend that COAB schedule a second meeting on November 19 to accomplish the work of the COAB, and prioritize scheduling items that require a vote for the regularly scheduled November 12 meeting .

102215-1

COMPREHENSIVE EXAMINATION AND REWRITE OF PPB DIRECTIVE 1010.00, USE OF FORCE: Directive 1010.00, Use of Force, should be comprehensively examined and rewritten where needed to ensure that all of the recommendations from the Data Systems, Use of Force, Compliance Subcommittee are embodied in the directive.

102215-2

There should be a set of core principles for when the use of force is authorized, and these principles should be explicitly laid out at the beginning of revised Directive 1010.00, Use of Force.

102215-3

DETERMINING THE REASONABLENESS OF FORCE: There should be specific criteria for determining the reasonableness of both the initiation and the continuation of the use of force in any encounter.

102215-4

Prohibit the use of deadly force except in very limited, extraordinary circumstances

102215-5

SPECIFIC PROHIBITIONS ON THE USE OF FORCE: Prohibitions against the use of specific types of force should be explicitly spelled out, both for absolute prohibitions and prohibitions except in very limited circumstances.

102215-6

ANTECEDENTS TO THE USE OF FORCE: Before any use of force, an officer must, if time, safety, and the facts and circumstances permit, provide a verbal warning of the type of force to be used. If such a verbal warning is issued, the officer must provide the subject with time to comply.

102215-7

OTHER REQUIREMENTS: Each officer present at an encounter where the use of force is possible or underway has the responsibility of making an individual determination regarding the use of force. (See packet for further explanation.)

102215-8

MISCELLANEOUS (See packet for further explanation; details specific word change recommendations and clarifications.)

111215-1

All Directives Related to Use of Force... should be revised to be clear, comprehensive and consistent with the COAB's anticipated recommendations regarding Directive 1010.00 (Use of Force) and previous recommendation regarding Directive 1010.10 (Post Deadly Force Procedures).

111215-2

Revise Directive 1030.00, Baton Use, to Clarify When the Use of Police Batons Is Authorized.

111215-4

Revise Directive 1050.00, Less Lethal Weapons and Munitions, to Clarify When the Use of Beanbag Shotguns Is Authorized.

111215-5

Rename and Revise Directive 1051.00, Electronic Control Weapon System, to Clarify When the Use of Conducted Electrical Weapons [Tasers] Is Authorized.

111215-6

Revise Directive 1090, Special Weapon Use, to Clarify What "Special Weapons" the PPB Has Approved or Is Only Testing, When Their Use Is Authorized and Who Can Use Them.

111215-7

Revise Directive 630.15 Foot Pursuits... to further clarify when foot pursuits should be initiated or terminated.

111215-8

Revised Directive 315.30, Satisfactory Performance, should be consistent with all of the COAB's recommendations for rewriting Directive 1010.00, Use of Force.

111215-9

Minimize Incidents of Bystander Endangerment: The PPB should revise its policy in current Directive 1010.00, Use of Force, as may be necessary to ensure that the incidence of bystander endangerments when firearms are discharged or potentially discharged is minimized.

111215-10

Make Explicit and Unequivocal in Any Appropriate Directives and Training Procedures and Practices that Heightened Risk, Not Any Particular Distance Between Subject and Officer, Determines Whether It Is Appropriate to Draw a Weapon

031016-1

Revise Directive 870.20, Custody and Transportation of Subjects to contain only policy statements, to eliminate references to "maximum restraint", to change "might present an immediate threat" to "is presenting an immediate threat", and to eliminate the use of terms such as "deranged", "bizarre", and "excited delirium" from its directives and training

032416-1

Directive 630.50, Emergency Medical Aid, should include an explanation of what kind of First Aid/CPR training is required and offered.

032416-2

Directive 870.20, Custody and Transportation of Subjects, should include a description of training required and offered.

032416-3

Directive 630.45, Emergency Medical Custody Transports, should be revised.

032416-5

Foot Pursuits—should clarify which kinds of foot pursuits should be initiated or terminated.

102215-4a

Directive 1010.00, Use of Force— This recommendation would modify a portion of Recommendation # 102215-4, to add an intent element to when deadly force may be used.

042816-1

COAB urgently advises Mayor Hales and Chief O’Dea to take immediate steps to remove the 48-hour rule from PPB policies, procedures, and the Portland Police Association Collective Bargaining Agreement.

071416-1

COAB should be allowed to select its own chair from its own membership.

071416-2

The COCL should be replaced, in whole or in part, by a court-appointed monitor with duties and responsibilities similar to the court-appointed monitors in cases brought by the DOJ against other cities such as Seattle and New Orleans. To the extent that implementation of this recommendation would require a change or modification to the Settlement Agreement, the COAB recommends that the DOJ and the City agree to do so. This recommendation specifically means that the COAB will continue to exist in its current role and will continue to be the voice of the community. Nothing about this recommendation is intended to reduce the COAB’s role in any way and the COAB will remain as viable now as it is now with a court-appointed monitor.